

3. Kasap problem 1.4

$$E(r) = -\frac{ke^2M}{r} + \frac{B}{r^m}$$

$$M = 1.763$$

$$B = 1.192 \times 10^{-104} \text{ Jm}^9 = 7.442 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV nm}^9$$

$$m = 9$$

$$\frac{dE}{dr} = \frac{ke^2M}{r^2} + \frac{-mB}{r^{m+1}} = \frac{ke^2M}{r^2} - \frac{9B}{r^{10}} = 0$$

$$r_0^8 ke^2M - 9B = 0$$

$$r_0 = \left(\frac{9B}{ke^2M} \right)^{1/8} = \left[\frac{9 \times 1.192 \times 10^{-104} \text{ Jm}^9}{9 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2 (1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})^2 \times 1.763} \right]^{1/8} =$$

$$= \left(\frac{9 \times 1.192}{9 \times (1.602)^2 \times 1.763} \right)^{1/8} \times 10^{(-104 - 9 + 38)/8} =$$

$$= 3.57 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m} = \boxed{0.357 \text{ nm} = r_0}$$

note that $ke = 9 \times 10^{18} \text{ eV nm/C}$

$$E(r_0) = -\frac{ke^2M}{r_0} + \frac{B}{r_0^m} = -\frac{(9 \times 10^{18} \text{ eV nm/C})(1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})(1.763)}{0.357 \text{ nm}} + \frac{7.442 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV nm}^9}{(0.357 \text{ nm})^9} =$$

= -6.33 eV per ion pair, or 3.17 eV per ion

the ionic cohesive energy per mole:

$$E_{\text{cohesive}} = 6.33 \text{ eV} \left(\frac{1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}}{\text{eV}} \right) \left(\frac{6.022 \times 10^{23}}{1 \text{ mol}} \right) = 6.1 \times 10^5 \text{ J/mol} =$$

= 610 kJ/mol of $\text{Cs}^+ - \text{Cl}^-$ ion pairs, which is close to the experimental value of 657 kJ/mol

the ionization energy of Cs: $E_{\text{ionization}} = 3.89 \text{ eV}$

the electron affinity of Cl: $E_{\text{affinity}} = -3.61 \text{ eV}$

the bond energy per pair of atoms:

$$E_{\text{cohesive}} - (E_{\text{ionization}} + E_{\text{affinity}}) = 6.33 \text{ eV} - 3.89 \text{ eV} + 3.61 \text{ eV} = 6.04 \text{ eV}$$

the atomic cohesive energy then is:

$$E_{\text{cohesive}}^{\text{atomic}} = 6.04 \text{ eV} \left(\frac{1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}}{\text{eV}} \right) \left(\frac{6.022 \times 10^{23}}{\text{mol}} \right) = 582 \text{ kJ/mol of Cs-Cl atom pairs}$$
$$= 291 \text{ kJ/mol of atoms}$$