

## SAMPLE TEST 4

### PHYS 111

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

*By writing my name above, I affirm that this test represents my work only, without aid from outside sources. In all aspects of this course I perform with honor and integrity.*

SHOW YOUR WORK ON ALL OF THE PROBLEMS. YOUR APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM IS AS IMPORTANT AS, IF NOT MORE IMPORTANT THAN, YOUR ANSWER. DRAW **CLEAR AND NEAT PICTURES** SHOWING COORDINATE SYSTEMS AND ALL OF THE RELEVANT PROBLEM VARIABLES. ALSO, **EXPLICITLY** SHOW THE **BASIC EQUATIONS** YOU ARE USING. BE NEAT AND THOROUGH. THE EASIER IT IS FOR ME TO UNDERSTAND WHAT YOU ARE DOING, THE BETTER YOUR GRADE WILL BE.

- 1) (15pts) Starting with Newton's Second Law for a single particle, derive Newton's Second Law for systems first in terms of total momentum and again in terms of the acceleration of the center of mass.

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**Extra Space for #1**

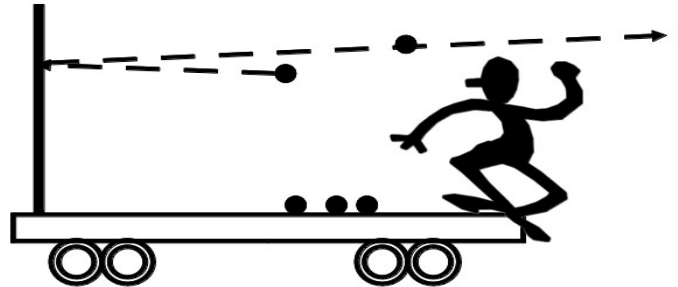
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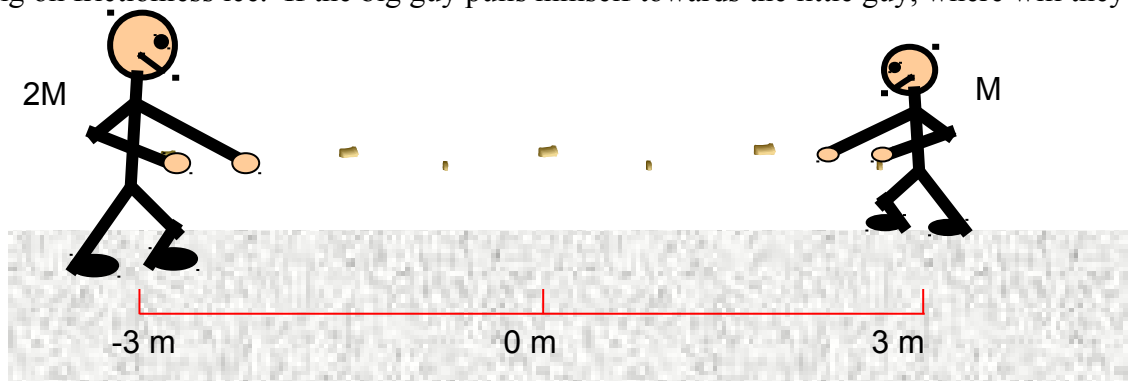
2) Multiple Choice Questions, 6 points each.

2.1) Suppose you are on a cart that is initially at rest on a frictionless track. You throw a ball at a vertical wall that is firmly attached to the cart. If the ball bounces straight back as shown in the picture, what direction will the cart move after the bounce?

- A) Left
- B) Right
- C) Up
- D) It doesn't move.



2.2) A big guy, mass  $2M$ , and a skinny guy, mass  $M$ , are holding opposite ends of a massless pole while standing on frictionless ice. If the big guy pulls himself towards the little guy, where will they meet?



- A)  $-1\text{ m}$
- B)  $0\text{ m}$
- C)  $1\text{ m}$
- D)  $-3\text{ m}$

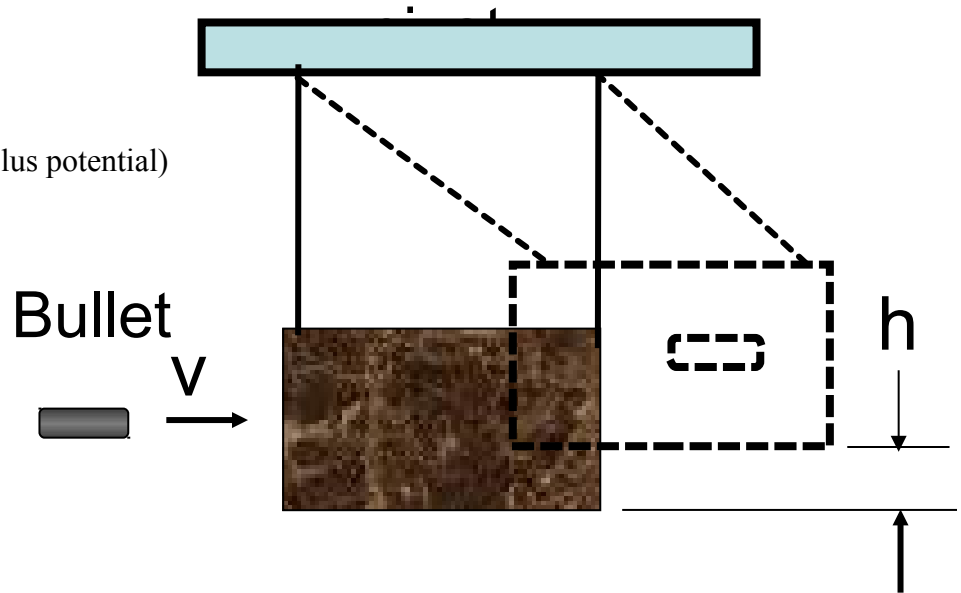
2.3) A compact car and a large truck collide head-on and stick together. Which vehicle undergoes the larger magnitude momentum change?

- a. Car.
- b. Truck.
- c. Same for both.
- d. Can't tell without knowing the final velocity of the wreck.

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2.4) A bullet with an initial velocity  $v$  is fired into a block of wood attached to the ceiling as in the picture below. **While the block with the bullet stuck inside of it is swinging upward**, which of the following quantities is conserved?

- A) Momentum
- B) Kinetic Energy
- C) Total Energy (Kinetic plus potential)
- D) A and B only
- E) B and C only



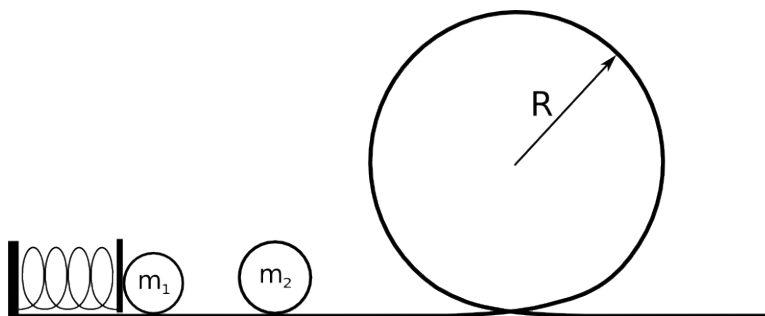
2.5) A car accelerates from rest. In doing so, the magnitude of the car's momentum changes by an amount  $\Delta p$ . At the same time, the magnitude of the Earth's momentum changes by:

- A) a smaller amount
- B) the same amount
- C) a larger amount
- D) depends on the time of year.

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3) In the system below, a ball of mass  $m_1$  is placed against a spring with spring constant  $k$  that has been compressed a distance  $d$ . It is released from rest and collides with a second ball of mass  $m_2$  which then goes around the loop the loop of radius  $R$ .

Find an expression for the minimum spring compression  $d$  in terms of  $m_1$ ,  $m_2$ ,  $k$ ,  $R$ , and  $g$  such that  $m_2$  makes it around the loop.



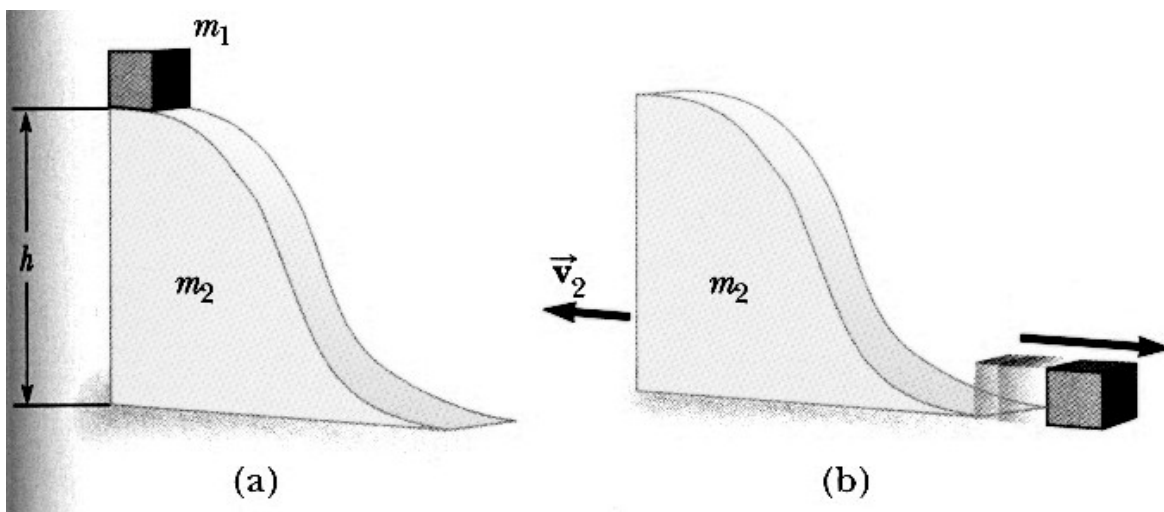
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**Extra Space for #3**

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4. (36 pts) A small block of mass  $m_1$  is released from rest from the top of a curve-shaped frictionless wedge of mass  $m_2$  that sits on a frictionless horizontal surface. After leaving the wedge,  $m_1$  has a velocity  $v_1$ .

Find an expression for the height of the ramp,  $h$ , in terms of  $m_1$ ,  $m_2$ , and  $v_1$ .



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**Extra Space for #4**



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5. In many classic westerns, gunfighters fly backwards several meters after being shot, often crashing through windows or saloon doors. Assume that a typical bullet weights 2 g and that a typical cowboy weights 80 kg.

- a) If the bullet leaves the gun at 200 m/s, what is the velocity of the cowboy/bullet system after the impact?
- b) What velocity does the bullet need for the cowboy to slide 3 meters across the floor after being shot (assuming  $U_k = 0.5$ )?



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**Extra Space for #5**